TOOL TYPE CHECKLIST
GEOGRAPHY ALL

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SOURCE: OHS INSIDER

SCAFFOLDING INSPECTION CHECKLIST

BENEFITS

Scaffolding is common equipment used in various industries, most notably construction, to give workers safe access to elevated areas. But scaffolding itself can pose a hazard to workers if, say, it isn't erected properly or is placed on uneven ground. So it's critical that you ensure that all scaffolding is inspected *before* workers use it.

HOW TO USE THE TOOL

Adapt this checklist for the scaffolding requirements in your jurisdiction's OHS laws. Require a supervisor or other "competent person" to use it to inspect all scaffolding to ensure that it complies with these requirements and is safe for workers to use.

OTHER RESOURCES:

SPOT THE SAFETY VIOLATION: Proper Equipment Prevents Injuries

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SCAFFOLDING INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Date Inspected:	Time:
Location of scaffolding:	
Inspected by (designated competent person):	

	YES	NO	COMMENTS
GENERAL			
The work location for the scaffolding has been			
inspected for hazards such as overhead objects,			
falling or tripping hazards, uneven ground, etc.			
Scaffolding been setup according to			
manufacturer's instructions.			
Scaffolding has all fittings and gear, including			
base plates or wheels, installed as per			
manufacturer's instructions.			
Scaffolding has all connecting devices between			
frames.			
Scaffolding was erected and supervised by a			
competent person.			
Scaffolding components can support at least			
four times the load that will be imposed on it,			
including workers, tools and materials.			
Scaffolding has uprights braced diagonally both			
in the horizontal and vertical planes.			
Scaffolding is fully planked with no more that a			
1" gap between planks.			
Planks don't extend past the ends of the scaffold			
frames more than 12 inches.			
Platform is at least 18 inches wide (12 inches on			
pump jacks).			
Guardrails or personal fall arrest systems are			
used if work height is >3 metres.			
Scaffolding is 14" or less from face of work, if			
workers remove front guardrails (18" for plasterers).			
Work platforms at or above 2.4m (8') extend the full width of the scaffolding; below 2.4m, at			
run widin or the Scanolding, below 2.4m, at			

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least 460mm (18") wide.	
Casters or wheels are locked or blocked before	
work begins.	
Work platform is free of clutter, mud, snow, oil,	
etc. or any slipping/tripping hazard.	
Scaffolding is set up at least 10' from overhead	
power lines.	
Engineered drawings are available and followed	
for scaffolding that exceeds 15m (50') and 10m	
(30') for tube and clamp system.	
Scaffolding is properly tagged.	
ACCESS	
Ladders are secure and extend at least 90 cm	
(3') above the landing.	
Ladder's first rung isn't more than 24" above the	
ground.	
Hook-on and attachable ladders are designed	
for the scaffolding.	
Add-on ladders must have a rung length of at	
least 11 ½".	
Built in ladders that are part of the scaffold	
frames must have a rung length of at least 8".	
Rungs line-up vertically for the entire height of	
the scaffolding.	
SUPPORTED SCAFFOLDS	
Over 3:1 scaffolds are restrained from tipping by	
guying, tying or bracing.	
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Scaffolding is secured at vertical intervals not	
exceeding 3 times the smallest base dimension.	
Base plates and screws are firmly supported on	
all legs (mudsills are used when required).	
Leveling screws aren't overextended and lock	
nuts are tightened.	
Footings are level, sound and rigid. No settling	
has occurred.	
Unstable objects such as blocks, bricks, buckets,	
etc. aren't used as work platforms or to support	
scaffolding.	
Riggers are secured and installed correctly.	

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